

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

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Copies of this paper can be had at the Book Store, of Mr. S. T. Tilley, Columbia-street.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Transient Advertisements, 2 inches and under, \$2 first insertion, and one dollar each subsequent insertion. Over two inches, \$1 per inch for first insertion, and half a dollar for each subsequent insertion. Special contracts with regular advertisers.
Advertisements in order to ensure insertion, should be sent in before noon of the day before publication.
All advertisements for insertion in the BRITISH COLUMBIAN must be paid in advance. Those for longer periods than one month are required to be paid each month in advance.
All advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and so charged.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, OCT. 18.

THE WAR.

The Steamer Enterprise arrived last night bringing war news to the 7th inst., from which we compile the following summary:

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 29.—Brigadier General Jeff. C. Davis, shot Major General Nelson, at the Galt House to-day. A difficulty had existed between them for some time. This morning Davis demanded an apology for the language used to him a few days since, when Nelson slapped him in the face, and denounced him as a coward. Davis turned away, borrowed a pistol from a friend and followed Nelson, who was going up stairs. Davis told him to defend himself, and shot him. He died in twenty minutes. A bill passed the Confederate Congress authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to issue copper coin of the denomination of 5, 10, and 25 cents, to the amount of \$1,000,000.

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 3.—The Richmond *Whig* of the 1st, speaking of Lincoln's proclamation assailing a servile insurrection in the Confederate States, says:—"It is a dash of the pen to destroy \$400,000,000 of our property, and is a bid for slaves to rise in insurrection, with the assurance that all the military and naval power of the United States will aid it." It speaks of the cruelty of the Administration, and says that Butler is a saint compared with his master. "Our military operations," says the *Whig*, "henceforth will assume a very grave character. We find that the new programme will necessarily destroy all chance of terms between us and the United States. The next campaign will be a tremendous one, both for magnitude and character in its operations. Let our authorities prepare the whole strength of our people for a tremendous shock. The enemy is making great preparations, as well as issuing fiendish proclamations. We must respond with equal energy. If we don't we are lost." The *Whig* says the movements of Lee and Jackson were towards Warrenton on Saturday.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 4.—A military order was issued today suspending drills of the city military organizations until further orders.

A correspondent from Gen. Morgan's army at Greenburg, Ky., says his retreat was the most arduous and hazardous of the war. During the march northward, he was constantly harassed by the rebel cavalry. On one occasion he marched 24 hours per day, and for three successive days the troops had no water, except what they could find in stagnant pools. Notwithstanding their hardships the troops are in fine health. All the guns at the Gap were brought away except four 32 pounders, too heavy for transportation. The train of these were knocked off before they were abandoned.

Gen. Butler, at New Orleans, has ordered all the citizens, male and female, above the age of 18, to take the oath of allegiance before Oct. 1st, on pain of imprisonment and confiscation of property. A number of guerrillas from the country above, on the right bank of the river, came down to the city on the 22d and surrendered themselves.

Dispatches in Brief.

Gen Butler has restored civil law at New Orleans.

The President visited the different corps of the Army of the Potomac, and was enthusiastically received.

The rebels have been driven out of Bardstown, Kentucky.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—The Richmond *Whig* of the 30th contains the report of the proceedings of the rebel Senate on President Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation. A resolution was offered declaring that the proclamation is levelled against certain Confederate States, and is such a gross violation of the usages of civilized warfare, such an outrage on the rights of private property, and an invitation to atrocious, servile war, therefore it should be held up to the execration of mankind, and counteracted by such retaliatory measures as in the judgment of the President are best calculated to secure its withdrawal or arrest its execution. Speeches were made by several members in favor of raising the black flag, and proclaiming the war, one of extermination to all the invaders of the Southern soil. The resolution was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—A letter from the Emperor Napoleon to Gen. Lorencez, Commander of the French forces in Mexico, is published. It approves his conduct, and says that the national honor is involved, and that he will be sustained by all the resources that he desires. He also approves the action of Lorencez in the protection extended to Almonte, and says that it is contrary to his (Napoleon's) intention to impose any Government whatever on the Mexican people. He says they can freely choose any form they prefer.

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 3.—The flag of truce boat from Aikens's Landing, brought about a dozen passengers, one of whom reports that the rebel Congress had resolved that in all future actions the President order the black flag to be raised, and to exterminate the Federals without quarter to any one.

The English iron-clad steamer Sunbeam, from Liverpool, was captured while attempting to enter Wilmington, N.C. Her cargo was valued at \$250,000, and consisted of brandy, gunpowder, etc.

It is said that Lee's army is in full retreat upon Richmond.

The rebels are evacuating Frankfort, Ky. A bill had been introduced in the rebel Congress to provide against foreign counterfeiting of Treasury notes. The bill provides that if such notes are introduced by officers and soldiers and others of the United States, the offenders shall suffer death.

A joint resolution was adopted in the Virginia Legislature which provides that no person shall be tried or imprisoned for killing any person who in any way aids or gives effect to the lawless and fiendish proclamation of Lincoln emancipating the slaves.

Gold in New York 234 per cent. Buell's army has had heavy skirmishing near Louisville.

A telegraph from Washington says the British steamer Lloyds, that ran the blockade at Charleston on the night of the 18th, arrived in Liverpool with 1800 bales of cotton.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—Gen. Hooker has so far recovered that he is ready to resume his command whenever ordered.

Gen. Harney is said to be assigned to the command in the West.

Beauregard, on the 24th Sept., officially announced his assumption of the command of the District of South Carolina and Georgia.

The Richmond *Whig* says that the rebel loss at the Manassas battles do not exceed 5000, and the losses in the engagements in Maryland from 5000 to 7000.

CAROLINA, Oct. 6.—We can get no distinct account of Friday's battle at Corinth. On Saturday morning Price attacked Rosecrank's right; Van Dorn and Lovell his left. The assault was made with great determination. At one time our centre was penetrated, and the rebels reached Corinth House, near Centretown. They were driven out at the point of the bayonet. Van Dorn led the column over an abatis on our left, and when within fifty yards of the ditch, exposed all the time to a scathing fire of grape and canister. They were driven back by a charge of the 27th Ohio and 11th Missouri. The battle lasted till 11.30, when they retreated towards Hatchie. The number killed and wounded on either side is not known. The rebel loss is reported to be much larger than our own. We have taken between 700 and 1000 prisoners, not including wounded. Gen. Hackleman was killed. Gen. Oselsky dangerously wounded, and Col. Smith, Mower and Gilbert wounded.

Gen. Hurlburt, on Saturday marched to the south side of Hatchie River, with a large force, thus cutting off Price's retreat. Rosecrank moved early on Sunday morning to renew the attack. Cannonading was heard yesterday in the direction of their forces. Price is on the forks of the Hatchie River, between Hurlburt and Rosecrank.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—A company of the 4th Pennsylvania, guarding the Baltimore and Ohio road, between Hancock and Cumberland, was attacked by a rebel force and all captured. About the same time, some cavalry under Reynolds captured a rebel camp, bringing away 2 pieces of artillery, 10 waggons, and 60 horses and mules. Another strong cavalry force was sent in pursuit of the rebels.

EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

CAPE RACE, Oct. 2.—There has been serious rioting in Belfast, Ireland, but no loss of life. Garibaldi continues to improve, but it is expected it will be many weeks before he can be stated to be convalescent. An amnesty to him and followers is again rumored.

It is stated that the doctrine of the Federal Government—that a foreign trading vessel, not carrying contraband cargoes, must have permits to enter ports of the United States—is held by France to be wholly inadmissible.

France has energetically protested against the capture of the ship *La Mancha*, at New Orleans. Garibaldi, in a letter to the U. S. Consul at Vienna, promises to fight for the North, on regaining his health and liberty.

The London *Times* thinks that Pope's reverses has restored liberty of speech in the North, and, apparently, almost suspended the Government at Washington.

Le France, a French paper, asserts that a majority of the Cabinet of Juarez decided on proposing terms of capitulation to Gen. Forey, and the surrender of the cities of Mexico and Puebla to the French.

Bourse animated and firm.

News from the French cotton districts describes the suffering as dreadful. The distress at Mulhouse exceeds anything in Lancashire.

Canton (China) dates to August 10th report Canton and Macao having been visited by a violent typhoon, causing immense damage to property. 40,000 lives are reported lost.

It is reported that three of the finest steamers on the Clyde have been sold to the Confederates. The Liverpool *Telegraph* says that a large iron ram is being constructed on the Mersey [for the rebels] without any attempt at concealment.

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.—A little over that amount was assayed at the Government Assay Office here during the last month; and as the miners begin to realize the advantages of patronizing that establishment, we opine a much larger amount will be reported for the current month.

A COMPLIMENTARY DINNER.—We hear that a complimentary dinner is being gotten up in this city to Mr. Ballon, on the event of his retirement from the Express business. He deserves it.

HIS EXCELLENCY, GOVERNOR DOUGLAS, accompanied by private secretary Young, arrived yesterday in a canoe from Yale. We understand it is his intention to remain here for some time.

CHANGED HANDS.—We understand the Press establishment in Victoria has changed, or is about to change hands. Mr. Higgins, late of the *Colonist* office, and Mr. McMillen, late of this office, constitute the new firm.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS indebted to, or having Claims against, the Estate of the late Leslie M. Withrow, will please call at the Book Store of S. T. Tilley and have the same adjusted, on or before the 10th day of November, after which date Claims will not be allowed.
New Westminster, October 1st, 1862. oc18

New Advertisements.

SMITH & MURRAY

BEG LEAVE to call the attention of their friends and the public to the

CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK

FAMILY GROCERIES

which they have just opened, and which they are prepared to sell at the

Lowest Possible Prices,

FOR CASH.

SMITH & MURRAY,

Columbia Street, New Westminster.

DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.,

WHARF STREET.

HAVE ON SALE, EX RECENT ARRIVALS,

WINES AND SPIRITS.

BRANDY—Martell's Dark and Pale in case and bulk; Hennessy's Dark and Pale in case and bulk; Gaudet's Dark and Pale, in case and bulk; Bonnet's Vineyard, in case; Charente Vineyard Co.'s Pale, in case; Imperial Cognac Co.'s Dark and Pale, in case and bulk;

OLD TOM—Swaine, Board & Co.'s in case and bulk; Worthington's, in case and bulk;

GENEVA—J. D. K. Z. anchor and other brands; WHISKY—James Stewart & Co.'s, in case and bulk; Robert Thim's Scotch and Irish, in case; Royal Highland and Islay, in case;

RUM—Jamaica, in case and bulk; SHERRY—Gordon's, in case and bulk; PORT—Hunt's, do do; CHAMPAGNE—Jacqueson's, Guichard, Pot-bellied, and other favorite brands;

BURGUNDY, HOCK, and other choice wines; ALE—Burton Brewery, in case and bulk; Bass No. 3, in bulk; Morice, Cox & Co.'s, in case; do do;

PORTER—GINGER BRANDY—Swaine, Board & Co.'s; ORANGE BITTERS, COGNAC, do do;

SCHNAPPS—Wolfe's Aromatic, in case; OILMAN'S STORES—Coward's, and other choice brands;

SARDINES—In 1 and 2 boxes; SUGAR—Cushed, Powdered, and Yellow; SOAP—Liverpool, Cork and Manila;

ELASTICS—2 1/2 and 3 point, White and Blue; RUGS—CURRANTS—Muscatels and Jordan Almonds;

Good Assortment of Ready Made Clothing, Boots and Shoes in every variety, by best Makers.

GUNPOWDER—J. Hall & Son's, of every description; VINEGAR—J. A. & W. Potts', in case and bulk; CUTLERY—Good Assortment, by best Sheffield Makers;

EASTERN BEEF—In bbls. and half bbls. PORK—In half bbls. BACON—Western and Californian; FIRE BRICKS—20,000 best make; SLATES—Counters; NAVY BREAD.

Victoria, V. I., October, 1862. oc18

BANK

—OF—

British North America.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

PAID UP CAPITAL . . . \$5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE . . . ST. HELENS PLACE, LONDON.

VICTORIA BRANCH . . . YATES STREET.

Establishments in the Colonies.

MONTREAL, QUEBEC, KINGSTON, TORONTO, HALIFAX, N. S., BRANTFORD, LONDON, C. W., OTTAWA, DUNDAS, ST. JOHN, B., HALIFAX, N. S., VICTORIA, V. I.

Agents and Correspondents. NEW YORK, R. C. FERGUSON, J. H. GRAY, and J. SMITH. SAN FRANCISCO, . . . B. DAVIDSON & M. Y. AUSTRALIA, . . . UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA.

Bills of Exchange and Gold Purchased. DRAFTS ISSUED ON

London, New York, San Francisco, Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and on all the branches of the NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, and the PROVINCIAL BANK OF IRELAND.

Credits granted on this office by the

UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA.

MELBOURNE, ADELAIDE, HOBART TOWN, LAUNCESTON, SYDNEY, DUNEDIN, N. Z.

The Bank receives MONEY and GOLD DUST on Deposit returnable on demand; undertakes the Purchase and Sale of Stock, the Collection of Bills, and other money business, in the United States and British Provinces.

J. G. SHEPHERD, Manager. oc18

NOTICE

To the Rate-payers of New Westminster.

THE MUNICIPAL TAX for the year 1862-63 must be paid to the Town Clerk at his Office on or before the 30th day of November next ensuing; all Taxes remaining unpaid after that date will be placed in the hands of the Magistrate for collection.

By order, VALENTINE HALL, Town Clerk. oc18

New Westminster, October 16, 1862. oc18

New Advertisements.

MACDONALD'S UNION HOTEL.

THE PROPRIETOR has just enlarged and finished in good style the above House, and hopes by strict attention to business, and the comfort of guests, to merit a share of the travelling community.

Private Rooms

fitted up with all the

LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.

Douglas, B. C., August 12th, 1862. oc

J. A. WEBSTER.

NEW DRY GOODS

JUST RECEIVED.

SILKS, Poplins, Cashmeres, Be Reges, Organdies, Princettas, Lawns, Brilliantes, Mohairs, Madonnas, D'Alaines, Worsted and Dress Goods of every description. A very large selection of

HOYLE'S ENGLISH PRINTS, Cashmere, Cheviot, Woolen and Tweed Scarfs and Square Shawls, Cloth, Tweed, Black and Colored Mantles, fashionable styles; Black Silk and Lace Mantillas, Penelope, Victoria and Eugenie Collars, Laces, Embroideries and Rufflings, all widths. An assortment of

Ladies', Gents', Miss's, and Children's HOSIERY, Habits, Lisle Thread, Silk, Kid and Fawn Gloves and Gauntlets, Damasks, Linens, Hollands, Towelings, Sheetings, Ticks, Shirtings, Flannels, in great variety.

Curtains and Curtain Fixtures.

EX "SPEEDY," FROM LONDON.

English Clothing.

Embracing Tweed Suits, Tweed and Cassimere Sack and Frock Coats, Tweed and Cassimere Pants and Vests, Alpaca, Silk and Mohair Coats, Linen Coats and Pants.

A LARGE INVOICE OF

ENGLISH STRAW HATS.

Garibaldi, White and colored, and Albert Mourning Hats, Felt and Cassimere Hats, late styles.

BOOTS & SHOES.

English Balmoral and Watertight Boots, Blucher and Oxford Shoes, Nail Napoleon Mining Boots, Riding Boots, Calf, Carpet and Morocco Slippers, Lad's, Miss's and Infant's Boots and Shoes, of every size and description.

Ladies' Elastic Boots, Side Lace and Balmoral, French Dress Calf Sewed Boots, Calf and Enamelled Gaiter Boots.

Balmoral Skirts, Troop Skirts, all prices. Ladies' Velvet, Batiste, Mushroom; Turban and Jockey Hats, in Felt, Straw and Neapolitan. Children's Hats and Turbans, all sizes.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, 1, 1 1/2, 2, 2 1/2 yards wide, Table Oil Cloths.

WALL-PAPER, &c., and a host of Goods too numerous to mention, which are opened and ready for inspection, at

J. A. WEBSTER'S, Columbia-street. oc14

Mosquitoes! Mosquitoes!

A lot of Mosquito Netting, all colors. Rubber Blankets, Rubber Boots, White, Green, Blue and Red Blankets, Overshirts, Pants, and Miners' Outfits; at

J. A. WEBSTER'S, Columbia street, New Westminster. oc14

M. J. BLACKMAN,

MANUFACTURER OF

Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron,

AND DEALER IN

Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Crockery, and Glassware.

JOBBER done in a neat manner, and with dispatch. LEADERS and GUTTERS made on short notice, and at reasonable prices.

New Westminster, April 28, 1862. ap30

LUMBER.

CONSTANTLY on hand in the New Westminster Lumber Yard a large assortment of

Rough and Dressed Lumber, DOORS AND WINDOWS OF ALL SIZES.

Bills of Lumber cut on the shortest notice, and orders from the interior promptly attended to.

J. A. R. HOMER. New Westminster, Feb. 12th 1861. n7

BONDED WAREHOUSE.

300 Tons Storage.

THE NEW FIRE-PROOF BRICK WAREHOUSE, in Lytton Square, New Westminster, has been declared by the Government to be a Bonded Warehouse on and after this date.

Merchants and Shippers to British Columbia, who wish to store merchandise in bond or duty free, are notified that 500 tons can be stored in the New Brick Warehouse.

HARRIS & CO. New Westminster, October 28, 1861. n7

LA HAUTIER & CO.'S

HOTEL

BILLIARD SALOON,

Lytton City, B. C.

THIS House is furnished in the best style, and a stock of excellent Liquors and Cigars kept constantly on hand. The Billiard Tables are unsurpassed in the colony. The charges are moderate. Good Stabling, and Horses constantly on sale at low prices. Lytton City, June 25, 1861. oc17

New Advertisements.

COLONIAL HOTEL,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Messrs. Grelley Brothers

Have added to their comfortable

Hotel and Restaurant,

A SPLENDID

Billiard Saloon,

In which will always be found the best

DRINKS AND CIGARS.

In connection with the above they have opened a Store, stocked with the choicest Brands of

WINES, LIQUORS,

ALES, PORTER,

BRANDIES, RUM,

CIDER, SYRUPS,

CORNDIALS, BITTERS, &c.,

which they will sell by the bottle, gallon, or in case.

— ALSO —

THE BEST BRANDS OF

CIGARS,

Havana, Manila and Cigars.

New Westminster, July 18, 1862. oc19

New Boot and Shoe Shop

MARY-STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY,

Boots and Shoes made and repaired.

New Westminster Feb. 1861. W. WOODMAN. oc19

MILK.

THE SUBSCRIBER would inform his customers, and the public, that he will continue regularly to supply the city during the summer season with new milk of the best quality.

S. W. HERRING. Herring's Ranch, 2nd July, 1862. oc18

FRESH VEGETABLES.

THE SUBSCRIBER is now prepared to supply the City with Fresh Vegetables of all sorts, in season, at the most moderate rates.

S. W. HERRING. Herring's Ranch, July 4th, 1862. oc18

Food for the Million!

FAMILY

Grocery and Provision Store.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform the public that having purchased the business hitherto carried on by MOODY & CO., he has removed to Cunningham & Ashwell's New Building, where, in addition to the original stock, he has just opened out a new and

CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

F

Important to Business Men in Victoria, California, Portland, and Places on the Sound!

The Journal is the only newspaper published in British Columbia, and is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains, and is unrivalled as an advertising medium for the Colony. W. F. HERRING, in Victoria, and T. B. BRYCE, in San Francisco, are our authorized Agents.

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.—In order to meet the requirements of the Government we have set apart the fourth page, or so much thereof as may be required, for the purposes of a GOVERNMENT GAZETTE. In future, therefore, all Government, as well as Municipal, notices and advertisements will appear in that Department, unless in the event of those of an urgent nature coming to hand too late for the outside, in which case they will receive one insertion on the inside.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, OCT. 18.

OUR DELEGATE AND THE COLONIST.

In his issue of the 13th inst., our contemporary gets off one of his characteristic articles in which he assumes that in appointing the Hon. M. Cameron a delegate from this Colony to the Court of St. James, the matter of money was overlooked; he chuckles in great glee over our supposed inability to raise the requisite amount, and winds up by appealing to the up-river towns to start a counter movement.

Now, well knowing the intense interest our Island contemporary feels in this matter, it will be a kindness on our part to set his distracted mind at rest by assuring him that not only was the money part of the scheme not overlooked, but that the necessary amount has already been raised. And while upon this point it may be proper to state that the Central Committee here are greatly indebted to the liberal support accorded by gentlemen in the interior. Indeed the manner in which the funds, to so considerable an amount, have been forthcoming for this object, would be matter of surprise did we overlook the fact that in a colonial point of view it is the most important in connection with which an appeal has yet been made, hence the liberal response with which it has met, without distinction as to locality.

As regards the contemptible effort to sow the seeds of local discord in this Colony by inciting the people in the upper country to counter-action, we need not say much, knowing as we do that our contemporary is impotent either for good or ill in that direction. The good people in Douglas, Hope, Yale, Lillooet and Lytton, can scarcely have forgotten the *Colonist's* persistent agitation and advocacy of Coast routes, in order to cut off all the River towns, and thereby by the more effectually retain that grasp upon this Colony which is, vampire-like, sucking our life-blood. The people in the interior are quite capable of appreciating the interest which that journalist affects to take in the prosperity of this Colony, as evinced both by his zeal in writing up the Bentinck route, at the cost of the life of some, and property of all the deluded miners who went that way, and his more recent course in relation to the delegate movement, showing most unmistakably that any movement likely to promote our prosperity, independent of that of Victoria, is sure of the most virulent and unprincipled opposition. We regret that our contemporary seems incapable of writing upon such subjects without indulging in that low "billingsgate" which is so suggestive of the absence of reason, and the predominance of bitter, selfish animus. But we have also to inform him that he is more effectually assisting us by that style of writing than he could possibly do by pursuing any other course; for which, as in duty bound, we feel deeply grateful.

THE MINERS RETURNING.

The downward current has now set in with good earnest. The Str. Col. Moody brought down 228 passengers on Wednesday last, amongst which we notice quite a sprinkling of those who represent rich claims in Cariboo, a number of whom belong to this city. Messrs. J. T. Scott and E. B. Holt are down, the former almost recovered from his injury. Mr. J. R. Adams of Victoria also came down, bringing with him a very respectable swag as the proceeds of his season's operations. We believe the aggregate amount of treasure brought down by the Moody on Wednesday reached the neighborhood of \$200,000, the largest shipment of the season. Altho' the greater part of the miners have come down, still it is anticipated that should the weather continue favorable, a considerable amount of gold will be taken out before winter sets in.

A colored man died between Gound-hog Lake and Vanwinkle, on Monday the 29th Sept. He had been quite poorly all the season, and was on his way out on horseback when he was taken quite ill at the place indicated, and dropping off his horse, died almost immediately. Snow fell to the depth of six inches at Williams Creek on the 29th, and one foot in the trail round Bald mountain.

On the 25th Sept., the claims were laid over till June. A requisition was presented to the Commissioner with 500 names attached, asking him to lay them over from the 20th, which, however, he declined to do. On Williams Creek 155 claims have paid expenses, which would average \$2,000 each, making a total of \$310,000, and about an equal amount has been cleared, making a grand total of \$620,000 as the entire yield of that Creek for the season. The Adams claim alone paid \$120,000 over all expenses. It is the impression that mining on this Creek will last for fifteen or twenty years.

On Sugar Creek McDonald & Co., worked all summer without striking anything, and when about to abandon their claim the lead was struck at the side, paying very rich.

On Jack of Clubs the Nevada Company struck pay dirt on the 25th September, yielding half an ounce to the pan.

The diggings on Peace river are said to be

paying \$100 a day to the man with rockers. Lieutenant Palmer was on his way down. On Siwash Creek, near Yale, two companies of men are at work, making from \$6 to \$10 per day to the hand. Gravel will not cost more than 75c, a day there.

The Str. Hope came in yesterday with 75 passengers, amongst whom were Davis, Jordan, Prindle, Crain, and several others, with large amounts. In all about \$300,000 came down by this steamer, making about half a million this week. The Cunningham company is expected to arrive by next steamer. It was quite interesting to observe many of the miners yesterday on their way from the wharf to the Hotels, literally staggering under the weight of their sacks full of the precious metal.

TWO PRISONERS ESCAPED.—On Wednesday morning, about 10 o'clock, while employed in carrying wood into the jail yard, two men who were committed for trial several months ago, one for assaulting a woman above Yale, and the other on a charge of fraud above Douglas, effected their escape by running into the woods in the rear of the city. The keeper, Julius Voigt, in violation of orders, was unarmed, and while preparing arms the prisoners had ample time to reach the woods. Several men and Indians were sent in pursuit, but so far no clue to their whereabouts has been discovered. No blame whatever attaches to the Warden of the jail, as the escape of these men is simply the result of disobedience of orders on the part of the assistant, Voigt, and owing, in a measure, to the very objectionable practice of keeping men for months in jail awaiting trial, without any suitable accommodation for them. They cannot be ironed previous to trial, and as it would hardly do to keep them confined night and day to their cells, the necessary exposure is likely enough not infrequently to result in escape. It would be well for the authorities to devise some scheme by which this difficulty might be met, and a repetition of such results averted in future.

CAPTURED.—Since writing the above we learn that officers Hickey and Macnamara have captured and brought in the two prisoners whose escape is alluded to. They were arrested at the mouth of the North Arm on Thursday evening, while about to embark in a canoe which they had stolen for the purpose of crossing the Gulf. It appears that in their flight on Wednesday morning they entered the forest separately, and did not meet till the afternoon of Thursday, when the man McCabe was on his way to town with the intention of delivering himself up. He was, however, dissuaded from carrying out his purpose by Montague, who with some difficulty prevailed upon him to cross the Gulf in a canoe. They had fasted during the thirty-six hours they were out, fearing to approach even an Indian but lest they should be arrested. We are glad for the sake of justice, as well as on account of the Warden, that these men have been captured. For altho' in this instance no blame whatever attaches to that efficient officer, still these escapes under any circumstances are annoying. But the great wonder is that we have not had more of them, considering the miserable and temporary character of the buildings. The tact displayed by the two officers, Hickey and Macnamara, is worthy of commendation.

TEMPERANCE MEETING IN VICTORIA.—The Wesleyan Church was literally crammed on Monday evening last to hear the Hon. Malcolm Cameron on the above subject. The Rev. Mr. Garrett, who occupied the Chair, in a very earnest and eloquent manner, introduced the hon gentleman to his hearers. For an hour the lecturer piled fact upon fact, statistic upon statistic, appeal upon appeal, the result being an addition of ninety members to the Temperance cause. Among the number were some whose reclamation is a subject for gratulation. In one portion of his address he gave the *Colonist's* most palpable blow. He admitted a second "Uriah Heep," and said that did he wish to please everybody, he would most certainly abstain from lecturing on Temperance. A vote of thanks, enthusiastically given, told the speaker that his whole effort was approved. We really admire the composition of the whole meeting. An Episcopal clergyman takes the Chair in a Wesleyan Church—a Presbyterian layman is the chief speaker—and votes of thanks to each are moved by Methodists.

VICTORIA AND HER CORPORATION.—It is but a few weeks since our sister city was blessed with a Mayor and Council, and yet the Editor of the *Colonist* is already shaking the repeal of the charter over the heads of that august body! We are inclined to think the good people of that city will yet get their fill of taxation.

RETURNED.—We have much pleasure in announcing the safe return of our highly-esteemed Harbormaster, Capt. Cooper, after an absence of ten weeks, during which time he has been up the coast as far as Sitka, Alaska, on H. M. ship of war "Devastation." He came over in one of the ship's boats yesterday from Nanaimo with five Fort Simpson Indians, committed to jail on a charge of abetting in the escape of certain murderers in that territory. Two murderers were sent down on the Devastation, and may be expected here shortly. The man, John White, who was left by his two companions on an Island, and supposed to be lost, or murdered by the Indians, was also taken down to Victoria on the ship.

THANKS TO MR. W. F. HERRING, Victoria, for a bundle of American, Canadian, and English papers.

WELL DONE MR. FISHER.—Mr. Holbrook has just handed us the following advertisement from which it would appear Mr. Fisher, who was here last year, is on his way out. He was to sail in September, in his own ship, bringing his family. He will be welcome here!

FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA DIRECT.
(Landing Goods and Passengers at Vancouver Island)
The fast-sailing first-class British Ship

Who is well acquainted with the Coast of the Northern Pacific, Island of Vancouver, and the Gulf of Georgia; 335 tons register, A 1st Lloyd's, and newly coppered. As the subscriber (who has this fine ship with his family and a party of settlers, no more favorable opportunity is offered to those who are about to proceed thither, and every information will be given on application for freight or passage to

New Advertisements.

JUST RECEIVED.
AT THE
GOVERNMENT BAKERY,
AND
FAMILY GROCERY.

1000 Sacks Golden Gate Flour.

400 " Crescent City "
400 " Pioneer "
600 " National "
50 " Pacific "
50 kegs Golden Syrup. (superior.)
50 boxes Candles.
25 cases Lard.

10,000 lbs. Oregon and Eastern Bacon,

with a very large general assortment of Fresh Groceries on sale at

Unprecedentedly Low Prices.

Wholesale or Retail by
PHILIP HICK,
New Westminster, October 7th, 1862.

THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

CAPITAL, \$1,250,000.

IN 12,500 SHARES, OF \$100 EACH.

WITH POWER TO INCREASE.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened for any amount not less than One Hundred Dollars, and every facility granted to Traders and others for the transaction of business.

Deposit Receipts issued for money lodged for fixed periods, bearing the following rates of interest:

On money lodged for 15 days certain, at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 1 month certain, at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 3 months certain, at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 6 months certain, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 12 months certain, at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

No partial payment made on these receipts. Interest payable half yearly, and the Principal not due until the expiry of the period for which the money is lodged.

DISCOUNTS AND ADVANCES.—Approved Bills discounted, and Advances made on Bills of Lading, (accompanied by Policies of Insurance,) for goods shipped to or from the Colonies.

CERTIFICATES OF CREDIT issued on Great Britain and the Colonies, also on New York and San Francisco, and Bills on these places purchased or sent for collection.

CARTS issued on Great Britain, San Francisco, and New York, authorizing payment for Goods shipped from these ports to the Colonies; all such shipments to be insured and Hypothecated to the Bank.

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES received for safe custody, and 1 per cent. Commission charged on withdrawing the same. Interest and Dividends collected on account of constituents at the rate of one-half per cent. on the amount collected, if payable in Victoria.

GOLD DUST AND BARS purchased, or advances made on the same.

JAMES D. WALKER, Manager.

New Westminster, September 25, 1862.

S. T. TILLEY,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

IMPORTING by nearly every steamer from San Francisco and Victoria, an assortment of

English and American Novels,

Bound Books, comprising all the Standard Works,

POETRY AND FICTION,

a fine assortment of

Family and Small Pocket Bibles,

Wesleyan Hymn and Presbyterian Psalm Books,

Catholic and Church of England Prayer and Hymn Books.

STATIONERY.

Blank Cards of every description and color. Foolscap, Folio Post, Letter and Note Paper of every size and quality, all sizes and colors of Envelopes to suit the various descriptions of paper.

Memorandum and Blank Books,

Consisting of Metallic Note-Books, Pass and Cargo Books, Tune Books, Tack Memorandums, of all kinds and sizes, Ledgers, Journals, Cash and Day Books, full and half bound, Red, Blue, Black, and Immaculate Inks, in bottles of all sizes, Steel and Quill Pens, Sealingwax, of all colors, Sails, Red Tapes, and

Every other Article in the Stationery Line.

Musical Instruments,

(DIRECT FROM SAN FRANCISCO.)

Guitars, Banjos, Violins, Accordions, Flutinas, Clarionets, Flutes, etc., etc.

Newspapers and Periodicals.

The latest Newspapers of the day received from all parts of the world, if required. All British and American Reviews, Magazines, Periodicals, and New Novels, by the best Authors, received by every steamer.

Maps, Plans, &c.

Plans of all the Cities and Towns on the Fraser River, Maps of Cariboo and the whole country West of the Rocky Mountains.

All of the above will be sold at Victoria prices, with the duties added.

Orders from the Upper Country punctually attended to.

Orders for articles not in stock, can be obtained with the utmost dispatch.

S. T. TILLEY,

Colonial Book Store,

New Westminster, July 8th, 1862.

New Advertisements.

THOMAS CUNNINGHAM.

GEORGE R. ASHWELL.

NEW Furniture and Stove Emporium.

THE SUBSCRIBERS would announce to the inhabitants of New Westminster, and British Columbia generally, that they have removed their

Furniture and Stove Warehouse

to their New Building, Columbia Street, and having made arrangements for

DIRECT IMPORTATION

FROM THE—

BEST MARKETS,

are prepared to sell all articles in their line at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Orders are respectfully invited from all parts of the Colony, and will receive prompt and careful attention.

CUNNINGHAM & ASHWELL.

New Westminster, July 29th, 1862.

BOSTON BAR HOTEL,

BAKERY AND PROVISION STORE.

THE Subscribers flatter themselves that they will give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage. A stock of the choicest

Liquors and Cigars

constantly on hand. Also, Bread, Biscuit, Cakes, Pies, etc. Prices very low.

JOLIGUE & CO.

Boston Bar, B. C., June 22, 1861.

CITY BAKERY

COFFEE SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed to his new and commodious establishment on the

Corner of Columbia and Hall Streets,

where he hopes to receive from a generous and discriminating public an extended patronage, commensurate with his increased facilities for accommodating them.

Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Pies and Cakes,

supplied at all hours, and at reduced rates.

Orders for WEDDINGS and PARTIES promptly attended to.

JAMES ALLAN.

New Westminster, Aug. 18, 1862.

BONDED WAREHOUSE.

HENRY HOLBROOK,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

LIVERPOOL WHARF,

NEW WESTMINSTER.

BONDED AND FREE STORAGE for 600 tons Goods

Every accommodation given to Goods landed on the Liverpool Wharf, for shipment up river.

A large assortment of Goods for sale at Victoria prices, with the duty added.

A CARD.

WILLIAM H. WOODCOCK, wholesale dealer in

Wines, Liquors, &c., Scott's Wharf, New Westminster.

No drayage or wharfage on goods purchased for upriver trade.

W. GRIEVE,

Tailor and Clothier,

In Smeaton's Building, Columbia Street.

ALL ORDERS entrusted to his care promptly attended to, and work finished in the latest style.

Government Bakery

FAMILY GROCERY.

PHILIP HICK,

LYTTON SQUARE,

KEEPS constantly on hand, and is selling at very low prices,

Wholesale and Retail,

a choice assortment of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

BREAD, PIES, CAKES, BISCUIT, &c.

Parties proceeding to

CARIBOO

will find a complete supply of such articles as they require in this establishment.

W. J. ARMSTRONG,

OPPOSITE LIVERPOOL WHARF,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALER IN

Groceries, Provisions, Hardware,

Paints, Oils, Crockery and Glassware.

JUST RECEIVED a new stock, the best assortment in J. British Columbia, which will be sold CHEAP FOR CASH, and Cash only, except to Families having a permanent residence in the city, with whom monthly accounts will be opened.

N. B.—Fresh Butter from Mr. McRoberts', Pitt River, and Langley Ranches, constantly on hand.

July 16

New Advertisements.

THE DOCTOR FOR ALL!
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

CHEST COMPLAINTS.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dangerous, than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of cough, bronchitis, and influenza, may be radically removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve any overburdened veins, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and fortify the system against consumption, asthma, and similar complaints.

STOMACH, LIVER, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.

From various causes these organs are frequently getting out of order, and require some suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's Pills effect this object with wonderful celerity and certainty. They do not distress the system, or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate the digestive organs. They gently excite the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to perform their functions efficiently, and act upon the bowels without griping or any other annoyance; again, taken an hour before dinner, they cannot be equaled as a "Dinner Pill," as they entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and biliousness.

WINDY OR WATERY DROPSY.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints, should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills. They act most energetically on the glandular and absorbent system, purify the blood, and impart a vigor which age or other causes may have temporarily taken away. They excite the kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimulate the absorbents to remove the fluid already collected.

DISORDERS PECULIAR TO WOMEN.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for correcting the ailments incidental to females. They may be taken with safety for any irregularity of the system. As they remove all cause of malady, and so restore, by their grand purifying properties, females of all ages to robust health.

INFLUENZA, DIPHTHERIA AND SORE THROAT.

How all-important it is to check the first departure from health! All may do so by taking Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction. In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, and muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds, coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the earlier they are taken the better.

CHILDREN'S COMPLAINTS.

Diseases incidental to children, such as feverish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all diseases of the skin, may be immediately checked, and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses of one, two, or three nightly, according to the age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment is soothing, cooling, and healing, and is better adapted than any other remedy for all external ailments.

INDIGESTION, BILE AND SICK HEADACHES.

No organ in the human body is so liable to disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when neglected, to become seriously diseased. When nausea, flatulency or acidity on the stomach, warns us that digestion is not proceeding properly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function, give strength to every organ, speedily remove all causes of indigestion, bile and sick headaches, and effect a permanent cure.

LUMBAGO, RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

In these diseases the blood is always in a highly inflammatory state; the stomach is also disordered, and the liver and kidneys unnaturally torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken in time, will rectify all these symptoms by their cooling and purifying properties.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Female Irregularities	Retention of Urine
Asthma	Scrofula, or King's Evil	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Bilious Complaints	Fever of all kinds	Sore Throat
Blotches on the skin	Fits	Stone and Gravel
Bowel Complaints	Gout	Secondary Sympoms
Colic	Head-ache	Tic Douloureux
Constipation of the bowels	Indigestion	Tumours
Consumption	Jundice	Ulcers
Debility	Liver Complaints	Veneral Affections
Dropsy	Lumbago	Worms of all kinds
Erysipelas	Piles	Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c.
	Rheumatism	

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London: also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 12d., 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

CURTIS & MOORE, and LANGLEY BROS., Agents, Yates-st., Victoria, V. I.

2s. 7d. 1y

PIONEER SALOON.

MR. J. T. SCOTT

HAS THE PLEASURE of informing his old friends, and the travelling public generally, that he is still to be found at the north-east corner of Lytton-square, where the thirsty are invited to call and try a sample

OF HIS—

Wines, Ales and Liquors,

which he flatters himself are as good as can be produced in the Colony. In connection with the Saloon he has just opened a splendid

Billiard Hall,

which is furnished with three first-class Billiard Tables, with marble beds and Phelan's composition cushions; and being well lighted and ventilated, possesses all the facilities for enjoying a quiet game at Billiards. Full

TO LEASE—Lots suitable for business purposes.

J. A. R. HOMER.

THOMSON & TOWERS,

PACKERS,

WISH TO NOTIFY THE PUBLIC that they are prepared to forward all

GOODS

CONSIGNED TO THEIR CARE FROM

LILLOOET

to any point in the

CARIBOO

COUNTRY,

at moderate rates. Dispatch will be their motto, and every effort made to give satisfaction to those who may favor them with their patronage.

Lillooet, June 20th, 1862.

at moderate rates. Dispatch

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.



PUBLIC NOTICE.

A PORTION OF LAND in Cut-Off Valley at and about the 47th Mile Post on the Road from Lillooet, extending half a mile along the said road and across the Valley as shown by Posts on the ground, is Reserved by the Government as the possible site of a future town.

R. C. MOODY, Colonel R. E. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works. New Westminster, 18th September, 1862.

New Advertisements.

EASE AND HEALTH TO THE SICK HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

Universal approbation has been awarded to this famous Ointment for its efficiency in removing diseases of the skin. For scrofula, scurvy, scald heads, and all eruptions of the skin, both in infancy and maturity; no remedy can be applied which so quickly cures as Holloway's Ointment. In the nursery it should always be at hand to ease the many skin affections to which the majority of children are liable. In all heat and tooth aches, the Ointment is wonderfully cooling and curative. To soldiers, sailors, miners, and travellers in foreign lands, it is invaluable.

SORES, WOUNDS, BAD BREASTS, BAD LEGS.

In this class of maladies, an improvement in the appearance of the disease of the patient, follows the first dressing with the Ointment.

It must not only be smeared on the wound, or sore, but be briskly rubbed for some inches round about the diseased swollen or painful parts. It will penetrate to the blood vessels, nerves, and muscles, and even to the bone, and will exert the most wholesome, healing, and purifying power over every tissue requisite for thorough reparation. The effect of the Ointment is increased by fomenting with warm water before the Ointment is rubbed in; but sores, when healing, should never be cleansed with sponge or anything else, as the young and new flesh which appears like a cream, would be washed away.

BLOOD TO THE HEAD, APOPLEXY.

Nothing gives so much ease in these complaints from which so many suffer, as Holloway's cooling and healing Ointment. When rubbed upon the spine it acts most energetically in drawing surplus blood from the brain; even to children, in teething, this Ointment has a miraculous effect in preventing fits and convulsions, so often attendant on tooth-cutting. The Pills should be used according to the directions.

RHEUMATISM, GOUT, STIFF JOINTS.

Every one suffering from these painful affections should use this purifying Ointment, as it has rescued thousands from a life of torture, after every other means had been tried in vain. The Ointment should be well rubbed into the skin at least twice a day, after it has been properly fomented with warm salt water, and dried. The inflammation soon yields, and the patient no longer helpless, resumes his accustomed occupation.

GLANDULAR SWELLINGS, BRONCHITIS, MUMPS, SORE THROAT, AND DIPHTHERIA.

To combat these diseases with success, a remedy is required which will have the whole absorbent system under its control. Such a remedy is Holloway's Ointment, when rubbed on the skin; it penetrates to the glands, and removes any obstruction or impurity which may be impeding their healthy action. This Ointment acts on the very mainspring of life, through the glands pass all new matter required for the body's reparation; in all the above class of cases, the Ointment and Pills, used conjointly will act so searching, and certainly, as to effect cures in the most deplorable cases.

FISTULAS AND PILES.

All inflammations and ulcerations of sensitive parts may be presently relieved, and ultimately cured, by the diligent use of this cooling and healing Ointment, aided twice daily by bathing the parts in cold water. Immediate ease springs from this treatment; perseverance is necessary to effect a permanent cure.

ASTHMA, SHORTNESS OF BREATH.

In these complaints the Ointment should be well rubbed twice a day upon the chest, and between the shoulders; it will penetrate to the lungs, stimulate them to renewed exertions, prevent stagnation of blood, moderate the pulsations of the heart, regulate the current of air through the bronchial tubes, and thus effect a permanent cure.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bad Legs. Chopped Hands. Scalds. Bad Breasts. Contracted and Sore Nipples. Burns. Stiff Joints. Sore-throats. Bunions. Elephantiasis. Skin-diseases. Bite of Mosquitoes. Fistulas. Scurvy. and Sand-Flies. Gout. Sore-heads. Cooch-way. Glandular Swellings. Tumors. Chieft-foot. Ulcers. Corns (soft). Lumbago. Wounds. Cancers. Piles. Yaws. Chilblains. Rheumatism.

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1ld., 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 1s. 2s., and 3s. each Pot. *There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot. CURTIS & MOORE, and LANGLEY BROS., Agents, Yates-street, Victoria, V. I.

SAFES! SAFES!

F. TILMAN,



90 Battery-street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

SOLE AGENT for Tilton & McFarland's celebrated Fire-proof and Burglar Safes. This safe is well known in the market for its unsurpassed fire-proof quality, having withstood in California, as well as in the East, the hottest fires known. We can refer to endless certificates from parties in our mining towns, where these safes have been subjected to the most severe tests of its fire-proof qualities. The safes are secured by our Combination Lock. This lock is in every respect the most secure one in use; it requires the key and combination to open the safe. If the key should be abstracted from the owner, it would be perfectly useless to the possessor without his knowledge of the combination, or mental key, which the owner carries in his head. To those in want of a reliable safe we offer the above cheaper than any in the market. A large assortment on hand and to arrive.

F. TILMAN, 90 Battery st., San Francisco.

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.



British Columbia.

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE, 26th July, 1862.

WHEREAS in the absence of a Government Gazette as a distinct and separate publication, Official Notices and Advertisements have heretofore appeared in the "BRITISH COLUMBIAN" Newspaper, published at New Westminster; Now, this is to give Notice that all Official Notices and Advertisements heretofore published in the said "BRITISH COLUMBIAN" Newspaper, shall be taken and deemed to have been published in the Government Gazette; and all Official Notices and Advertisements hereafter to be issued, which should of custom or necessity appear in the Government Gazette, shall until further notice, when published in the columns of the aforesaid Newspaper, be likewise taken and deemed in all cases, and for all purposes whatsoever, to have been duly published in the Government Gazette.

By order of the Governor, WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED and will be received up to 12 o'clock noon, of Wednesday the 5th of November next, for the construction (in 2 sections) of a Road from Pemberton to a point near the Indian Village on the Lake—a total distance of fourteen hundred and fifty (1450) yards, more or less.

The first Section to comprise the portion of road out of Pemberton to a point near the Indian Village and Works Department, seven hundred yards, more or less, distant. The second Section, from that point to the point of termination, above alluded to, near the Indian Village, an estimated distance of seven hundred and fifty yards, more or less.

The work to be completed on or before the 31st December, 1862.

Payment to be made in British Columbia Bonds, payable on 31st December, 1863, bearing interest at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum.

For Specification of the Work and further particulars apply at this office, or at that of the Assistant Commissioner at Douglas, or to Sergeant Bridgeman, R.E., on the First Portage, Harrison-Lillooet Road.

Proposals will at the same time be received for the work, tenders being based on the condition of the stipulated time for the completion being extended to 28th February, 1863.

The lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted.

By order of His Excellency the Governor, R. C. MOODY.

Col. R. E. and Chief Commissioner, Office of Lands and Works, New Westminster, 14th Oct. 1862.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

TO CHAS. OPPENHEIMER, WALTER MOBERLY, and all others whom it may concern,

Notice is hereby given that the contract of the 16th day of August, 1862, and endorsement between myself and you has been and is declared forfeited, for breach of stipulations thereof, to the use of the Government.

Dated this 14th day of October, A. D. 1862.

Col. R. E. and Chief Commissioner, Lands and Works Department, New Westminster.

British Columbia.

DITCHES.

Rules and Regulations under "The Gold Fields Act, 1859."

WHEREAS under the Gold Fields Act, 1859, the Governor for the time being of British Columbia is empowered by writing under his hand and seal, the Public Seal of the Colony to make Rules and Regulations in the nature of By-Laws for all matters relating to mining, and Whereas in conformity with the said Act, certain Rules and Regulations have already been issued, bearing date the seventh of September, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, and the sixth of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty,

And whereas it is expedient to make further provision for cases in which Roads or Works come into contact with Ditches or other mining rights,

Now, therefore, I do hereby enact, proclaim, and make the following Rules and Regulations:

1. Any person heretofore or hereafter engaged in the construction of any road or work, may, with the sanction of the Gold Commissioner, cross, divert, or otherwise interfere with any ditch, water privilege, or other mining right whatsoever for such period as the said Commissioner may direct.

The Gold Commissioner to settle compensation.

2. The Gold Commissioner shall order what (if any) compensation for every such damage or interference shall be paid, and when; and to whom, and whether any and what works damaged or effected by any such interference as aforesaid, shall be replaced by him or otherwise repaired, and in what manner, by the person or persons inflicting any such damage.

3. Upon compliance with the requirements aforesaid the Gold Commissioner shall certify in writing under his hand that the person or persons named therein were duly authorized to create the damage or interference aforesaid, and have duly fulfilled the requirements hereinbefore mentioned, and have also duly satisfied and discharged all damages by him or them occasioned to any persons whatsoever for or in respect of the damage or interference referred to.

Such certificate to be recorded.

4. Every such certificate shall be recorded by the said Gold Commissioner in a book to be kept by him for that purpose at his office, and shall be at all times open to inspection upon payment of fee of Two shillings for every inspection.

5. Every recorded certificate to be evidence in a Court of Justice. 6. Every such certificate so recorded shall be sufficient evidence, in any Court of Justice in the Colony, of all matters and things therein contained or referred to, and shall discharge the person or persons to or for whom the same is granted from all liability with respect to the damage or interference therein mentioned.

7. The Gold Commissioner to decide all such cases under the value of £200 without appeal.

8. The Gold Commissioner shall, upon the application of any party interested therein, and after notice as hereinafter mentioned to all whom it may concern, inquire into and decide all matters arising out of or connected with any such damage or interference as aforesaid, and such decision or judgment shall be final and without appeal in all cases where such decision or judgment shall be given in respect of any sum or matter at issue the amount or value whereof, which shall

be stated in the decision, shall not exceed Two hundred pounds Sterling.

Cases over £200 may be appealed to the Supreme Court, the appellant to give bond or mortgage to Gold Commissioner.

7. In cases where such amount or value shall exceed Two hundred pounds Sterling, any party aggrieved by such decision may appeal against the same to the Supreme Court of Civil Justice upon giving written notice of such intention to the Gold Commissioner within ten days of such decision, and upon giving within such ten days to the Commissioner whose decision is appealed against a good and sufficient bond or mortgage, the amount of which shall be fixed by the Commissioner, but not exceeding Five hundred pounds Sterling, from the party or parties appellant for the prosecution of the appeal and for the payment of all such costs as may be awarded by the said Supreme Court.

8. The owners of every ditch, water privilege, or mining right, shall at their own expense construct, secure, and maintain, all culverts necessary for the passage of waste and superfluous water flowing through or over any such ditch, water privilege, or right, except in cases where a natural stream or river applicable or sufficient for the purpose exists in the immediate vicinity. Owners to keep ditches in repair to the satisfaction of the Gold Commissioner.

9. The owners for the time being, not being the government, of any ditch, or water privilege, shall construct and secure the same in a proper and substantial manner, and maintain the same in good repair, to the satisfaction of the Gold Commissioner, and so that no damage shall occur during their ownership thereof to any road or work in its vicinity from any part of the works of such ditch, water privilege, or right giving way as aforesaid, and the same may be recovered by reason of not being so, as aforesaid, constructed, secured, or maintained.

10. The owners of any ditch, water privilege, or right, shall be liable, and shall make good in such manner as the said Gold Commissioner shall determine, all damages which may be occasioned by or through any parts of the works of such ditch, water privilege, or right giving way as aforesaid, and the same may be recovered before a Magistrate in a summary manner.

11. The publication of any written notice to the party intended to be effected thereby in two consecutive issues of the Government Gazette, or any newspaper circulating in the Colony, or by affixing the same for seven days on some conspicuous part of any premises referred to in any such notice, shall be deemed good and sufficient notice for all purposes under the said "Gold Fields Act, 1859," and any Rules and Regulations made in pursuance thereof.

12. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to limit the right of the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to lay out from time to time the public roads and ways of the Colony across, through, along, or under any ditch, water privilege, or mining right, in any unsurveyed Crown Land, without compensation, doing as little damage as conveniently may be in laying out the same.

13. Issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony, at Lillooet, this 29th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and in the twenty-sixth year of Her Majesty's reign,

By me, JAMES DOUGLAS.

By His Excellency's Command, WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

British Columbia.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 8, A. D. 1862.

By His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, Companion of the most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British Columbia and its Dependencies, Vice-Admiral of the same, &c. &c.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the session of Parliament held in the 21st and 22nd years of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled "An Act to provide for the Government of British Columbia," and by a Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, of Great Britain and Ireland, I, JAMES DOUGLAS, have been appointed Governor of the said Colony, and have been authorized by Proclamation under the Public Seal of the said Colony, to make laws, institutions, and ordinances, for the peace, order, and good government of the same,

And whereas a requisition has been received from a majority of the rate-payers resident in the city of New Westminster, praying that authority may be granted to the Municipal Council thereof to raise a loan or loans upon the security of the revenues of the said City, and whereas it is expedient that such requests should be granted, and the provisions of the "New Westminster Municipal Council Act, 1860," should be amended and extended accordingly. Now, therefore, I do hereby declare, proclaim, and enact as follows:

1. So much of Clause 35, of the "New Westminster Municipal Council Act, 1860," as requires the written requisition of a majority of the whole of the rate-payers on the Assessment Roll of the said City as necessary to the making of the further rate of £5 in the £100 therein mentioned, is hereby repealed.

2. Repeal of portion of Clause 35, of "The New Westminster Municipal Council Act, 1860."

3. Repeal of portion of Clause 35, of "The New Westminster Municipal Council Act, 1860," as requires the written requisition of a majority of the whole of the rate-payers on the Assessment Roll of the said City as necessary to the making of the further rate of £5 in the £100 therein mentioned, is hereby repealed.

4. Repeal of portion of Clause 35, of "The New Westminster Municipal Council Act, 1860," as requires the written requisition of a majority of the whole of the rate-payers on the Assessment Roll of the said City as necessary to the making of the further rate of £5 in the £100 therein mentioned, is hereby repealed.

5. Repeal of portion of Clause 35, of "The New Westminster Municipal Council Act, 1860," as requires the written requisition of a majority of the whole of the rate-payers on the Assessment Roll of the said City as necessary to the making of the further rate of £5 in the £100 therein mentioned, is hereby repealed.

6. Repeal of portion of Clause 35, of "The New Westminster Municipal Council Act, 1860," as requires the written requisition of a majority of the whole of the rate-payers on the Assessment Roll of the said City as necessary to the making of the further rate of £5 in the £100 therein mentioned, is hereby repealed.

7. Repeal of portion of Clause 35, of "The New Westminster Municipal Council Act, 1860," as requires the written requisition of a majority of the whole of the rate-payers on the Assessment Roll of the said City as necessary to the making of the further rate of £5 in the £100 therein mentioned, is hereby repealed.

8. Repeal of portion of Clause 35, of "The New Westminster Municipal Council Act, 1860," as requires the written requisition of a majority of the whole of the rate-payers on the Assessment Roll of the said City as necessary to the making of the further rate of £5 in the £100 therein mentioned, is hereby repealed.

9. Repeal of portion of Clause 35, of "The New Westminster Municipal Council Act, 1860," as requires the written requisition of a majority of the whole of the rate-payers on the Assessment Roll of the said City as necessary to the making of the further rate of £5 in the £100 therein mentioned, is hereby repealed.

10. Repeal of portion of Clause 35, of "The New Westminster Municipal Council Act, 1860," as requires the written requisition of a majority of the whole of the rate-payers on the Assessment Roll of the said City as necessary to the making of the further rate of £5 in the £100 therein mentioned, is hereby repealed.

11. Repeal of portion of Clause 35, of "The New Westminster Municipal Council Act, 1860," as requires the written requisition of a majority of the whole of the rate-payers on the Assessment Roll of the said City as necessary to the making of the further rate of £5 in the £100 therein mentioned, is hereby repealed.

12. Repeal of portion of Clause 35, of "The New Westminster Municipal Council Act, 1860," as requires the written requisition of a majority of the whole of the rate-payers on the Assessment Roll of the said City as necessary to the making of the further rate of £5 in the £100 therein mentioned, is hereby repealed.

all purposes, that the Requisition so certified to has been signed by a Majority of the said Rate-payers resident or present as aforesaid.

Willful error or mis-statement in any such Certificate shall be deemed a misdemeanor.

This Act may be cited for all purposes as The New Westminster Municipal Extension Act, No. 2.

Issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony, at Lillooet, this 29th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and in the twenty-sixth year of Her Majesty's reign,

By me, JAMES DOUGLAS.

By His Excellency's Command, WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

British Columbia.

PROCLAMATION.

No. 7, A. D. 1862.

By His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, Companion of the most Honourable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British Columbia and its Dependencies, Vice-Admiral of the same, &c. &c.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the session of Parliament held in the 21st and 22nd years of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled "An Act to provide for the Government of British Columbia," and by a Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, of Great Britain and Ireland, I, JAMES DOUGLAS, have been appointed Governor of the said Colony, and have been authorized by Proclamation under the Public Seal of the said Colony to make laws, institutions, and ordinances, for the peace, order, and good government of the same,

And whereas the Tolls imposed by the Lytton Alexandria Road Toll Act, 1862, are evaded by the transport of goods and animals along side trails, and it is expedient to put an end to such evasion,

Now, therefore, I do hereby declare, proclaim, and enact as follows:—

1. Imposing Tolls upon goods carried along all routes and trails on the Lytton Alexandria route.

2. From and after the date of this Act, the Tolls leviable under the Lytton Alexandria Road Toll Act, 1862, shall be levied, assessed, and collected, from all persons who move, not only upon goods, chattels, merchandise and cattle passing or carried along any part of the road now in process of construction from Lytton to Alexandria, but shall also be levied upon all merchandise, stores, productions, chattels, and cattle, of all descriptions, passing, leaving, taken or carried, whether by land or water, from Lytton, in the direction of Alexandria, and levied, assessed, collected, and applied under and subject to the same exceptions, exemptions, provisions, and stipulations, and in the same manner, as is enacted for the assessment, collection, recovery, and application of Tolls and Penalties by the said Lytton Alexandria Road Toll Act, 1862.

3. In the construction of this and the last mentioned Act, the word Cattle shall be deemed to include all animals "domestic nature."

Short Title.

This Act may be cited as the Lytton Alexandria Tolls Act, 1862.

Issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony, at Lillooet, this 29th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two; and in the twenty-sixth year of Her Majesty's reign,

By me, JAMES DOUGLAS.

By His Excellency's Command, WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Notice to the Public.

RATES OF POSTAGE between the undermentioned places, in all cases to be prepaid.

TO	FROM	POSTAGE
NEW WESTMINSTER.	NEW WESTMINSTER.	0d.
DOUGLAS.	NEW WESTMINSTER.	0d.
YALE.	NEW WESTMINSTER.	0d.
LYTTON.	NEW WESTMINSTER.	0d.
LILLOOET.	NEW WESTMINSTER.	0d.
WILLIAMS LAKE.	NEW WESTMINSTER.	0d.
QUEENSWILL.	NEW WESTMINSTER.	0d.
ANTLER.	NEW WESTMINSTER.	0d.
DOUGLAS.	DOUGLAS.	0d.
YALE.	DOUGLAS.	0d.
LYTTON.	DOUGLAS.	0d.
LILLOOET.	DOUGLAS.	0d.
WILLIAMS LAKE.	DOUGLAS.	0d.
QUEENSWILL.	DOUGLAS.	0d.
ANTLER.	DOUGLAS.	0d.
DOUGLAS.	YALE.	0d.
YALE.	YALE.	0d.
LYTTON.	YALE.	0d.
LILLOOET.	YALE.	0d.
WILLIAMS LAKE.	YALE.	0d.
QUEENSWILL.	YALE.	0d.
ANTLER.	YALE.	0d.
DOUGLAS.	LYTTON.	0d.
YALE.	LYTTON.	0d.
LYTTON.	LYTTON.	0d.
LILLOOET.	LYTTON.	0d.
WILLIAMS LAKE.	LYTTON.	0d.
QUEENSWILL.	LYTTON.	0d.
ANTLER.	LYTTON.	0d.
DOUGLAS.	LILLOOET.	0d.
YALE.	LILLOOET.	0d.
LYTTON.	LILLOOET.	0d.
LILLOOET.	LILLOOET.	0d.
WILLIAMS LAKE.	LILLOOET.	0d.
QUEENSWILL.	LILLOOET.	0d.
ANTLER.	LILLOOET.	0d.
DOUGLAS.	WILLIAMS LAKE.	0d.
YALE.	WILLIAMS LAKE.	0d.
LYTTON.	WILLIAMS LAKE.	0d.
LILLOOET.	WILLIAMS LAKE.	0d.
WILLIAMS LAKE.	WILLIAMS LAKE.	0d.
QUEENSWILL.	WILLIAMS LAKE.	0d.
ANTLER.	WILLIAMS LAKE.	0d.
DOUGLAS.	QUEENSWILL.	0d.
YALE.	QUEENSWILL.	0d.
LYTTON.	QUEENSWILL.	0d.
LILLOOET.	QUEENSWILL.	0d.
WILLIAMS LAKE.	QUEENSWILL.	0d.
QUEENSWILL.	QUEENSWILL.	0d.
ANTLER.	QUEENSWILL.	0d.
DOUGLAS.	ANTLER.	0d.
YALE.	ANTLER.	0d.
LYTTON.	ANTLER.	0d.
LILLOOET.	ANTLER.	0d.
WILLIAMS LAKE.	ANTLER.	0d.
QUEENSWILL.	ANTLER.	0d.
ANTLER.	ANTLER.	0d.

WARNER R. SPALDING, J. P., Postmaster General, B. C.

General Post Office, British Columbia, 1st July, 1862.

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.



To Charles Oppenheimer, Walter Moberly, and all others whom it may concern.

NOTICE is hereby given that the interruptions you have permitted in the progress of the construction of the Lytton-Alexandria Road are unsatisfactory to me.

That a sufficient number of men for the due completion of the works of the said road within the prescribed period, have not been, and are not continuously kept on the road.

That portions of the said road have been, and still are neglected, contrary to the terms of the contract of August, 1862, and the endorsement thereon, or upon any default thereof, the said contract, and all the latest, payments, tolls and benefits whatsoever which you may claim thereunder, or under the Lytton-Alexandria Road Toll Act, 1862, together with the said Road, will forthwith be forfeited.

You are therefore hereby ordered and required to carry out the whole of the contract works of the said Road uninterruptedly, (with a full body of men, not less than Three Hundred) and observe, fulfil, and keep all and every the terms, covenants, and stipulations of the agreement between myself and you, of the